Quiz: cannibalism in close binary stars

star m₁ bloats up, part (d m) of its envelope becomes dominated by the gravity of m_2 and is transferred from m_1 to m_2

from binary

-- does the binary unbind or spiral-in?

How to estimate?

- Use mass conservation? Yes $\dot{m}_2 = -\dot{m}_1$
- Use energy conservation?
- Use angular momentum conservation?

For a circular orbit,
$$L = \frac{m_1 m_2}{M} \sqrt{GMa}$$

Hence,
$$\dot{L} = L \left(\frac{\dot{m_1}}{m_1} + \frac{\dot{m_2}}{m_2} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\dot{a}}{a} \right) = 0$$

With
$$\dot{m} = -\dot{m}_1 = \dot{m}_2$$
, one finds $\frac{\dot{a}}{a} = 2 \frac{\dot{m}(m_2 - m_1)}{m_1 m_2}$

Cataclysmic Variable



Laws of Gravity III Tides



Tidal forces and the tidal bulge



differential Lunar gravity across the Earth.



Force = Lunar gravity + centrifugal force*



*The centrifugal force is relevant because we are considering a rotating coordinate system fixed to Earth.



Tidal periods --- lunar & solar tides

Solar tides and lunar tides have comparable heights

- Rotation of the Earth causes:
- semi-diurnal tides -- earth rotates every 24 hours tide rises and falls every ~ 12.4 hours dominates in atlantic coasts
- diurnal tides -- dominates in some pacific coasts

resonance of tidal forcing with ocean basin

Orbital phases of the Sun and the Moon:

'spring' tides and 'neap' tides

Orbit of the Earth causes:

fortnightly tides -- moon's distance from us varies, e=0.055 semi-annual tides -- earth's orbit around the Sun, e=0.017



Tidal Height

Tides = ocean tide + atmosphere tide + solid tide

Over most of the world, ocean tide ~ 0.7 metres, balancing enhanced self-gravity (due to tidal bulge) with the tidal acceleration *(see extra note at end for an order-of-magnitude estimate)*

Bay of Fundy: tidal height $\sim 9 \text{ m}$ (highest in the world) Nearby PEI: $\sim 2.5 \text{ m}$



Tidal Evolution



Locally (observer on Earth)

tidal sloshing energy dissipation (into heat)

Globally

tidal bulges lead Earth-Moon line lunar torque on bulges - slows Earth's spin;

- pushes away Moon

Total energy (orbit + spin) steadily decreases over Gyr timescale, while the total angular momentum (orbit + spin) is conserved. **Final state**: **Synchronised & circularised**

Tidal Evolution Earth-Moon system



As a result of tidal dissipation: Earth is spinning down --*angular momentum transfer*-and the Moon is receding

Observable Consequences: lengths of day & month are increasing number of days in a month is decreasing

Evidence from: laser ranging, historical eclipse records, coral & nautilus fossil, mud deposit For an excellent review (by F. Verbunt), see

www.astro.utoronto.ca/~mhvk/AST221/verbunt.pdf

Tidal Evolution final state

Pluto & Charon Orbital period: 6.387 days Pluto spin period: 6.387 days Charon spin period: 6.387 days e=0



Earth-Moon: orbital period: 27.32 days Earth spin period: 1 day Moon spin period: 27.32 days e = 0.05



Extra Note: Taylor expansion -- used to derive tidal acceleration See also http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Taylor_series

Generally, any function f(x) can be Taylor-expanded around some x_0

$$f(x) = f(x_0) + (x - x_0)f'(x_0) + \frac{1}{2}(x - x_0)f''(x_0).$$

where $f'(x) \equiv \frac{df(x)}{dx}$, etc.

E.g., expanding
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{1+x}$$
 around $x_0 = 0$,

$$f(x) = 1 + x \left[\frac{-1}{(1+x)^2} \right]_{x=0} \dots \simeq 1 - x \text{ to first order}$$

Similarly,
$$\frac{GM}{(r-R)^2} = \frac{GM}{r^2(1-R/r)^2} = \frac{GM}{r^2} \frac{1}{1-2R/r+(R/r)^2}$$

 $\simeq \frac{GM}{r^2} (1+2R/r+(R/r)^2) \simeq \frac{GM}{r^2} (1+2R/r)$

Extra Note: Height of the Tidal Bulges

-- an order-of-magnitude estimate



Tidal acceleration ~
$$2\frac{GM}{r^2}\left(\frac{R_E}{r}\right) \sim 2\frac{M}{M_E}\left(\frac{R_E}{r}\right)^3 g_E$$

Tidal bulge generates additional gravity to balances the tidal acceleration

$$g' \sim \frac{G(M_E + \rho h R_E^2)}{R_E^2} - \frac{GM_E}{R_E^2}$$

with $\rho \sim \rho_E$, $g' \sim \frac{GM_E}{R_E^2} \frac{h}{R_E} \sim \frac{h}{R_E} g_E$

Equating the two, we obtain

$$\frac{h}{R_E} \sim 2 \frac{M}{M_E} \left| \frac{R_E}{r} \right|^3$$

Moon raises tide on earth ~ 10^{-7} R_E ~ 60 cm Sun on Earth ~ 25 cm

Earth on Moon Earth on Sun factor of order unity correction from using correct density, etc.

Extra Note: Tidal evolution

muscle flexing --> heat generated, tidal sloshing --> heat

Total energy (orbit + spin) is steadily decreasing over Gyr timescale,

$$E_{tot} = E_{orb} + E_{rot} = -\frac{GMM_E}{2a} + \frac{1}{2}I_E\Omega_E^2 + \frac{1}{2}I_M\Omega_M^2$$

Moment of inertia: $I_E = r_{g,E}^2 M_E R_E^2$
Spin frequency: $\Omega_E \equiv \frac{2\pi}{P_E}$

while the total angular momentum (orbit + spin) is conserved,

 $L_{tot} = \frac{MM_E}{M + M_E} \sqrt{G(M + M_E)a(1 - e^2)} + I_E \Omega_E + I_M \Omega_M$ Final minimum energy state: $\frac{\partial E_{tot}}{\partial \Omega_M} = \frac{\partial E_{tot}}{\partial \Omega_E} = \frac{\partial E_{tot}}{\partial e} = 0$ Hence, $\Omega_M = \Omega_E = \omega$, e = 0 synchronised & circularised

Currently: $\Omega_M = \omega$, $e \approx 0$, $\Omega_E \approx 27 \omega$ (free energy from Earth's spin)