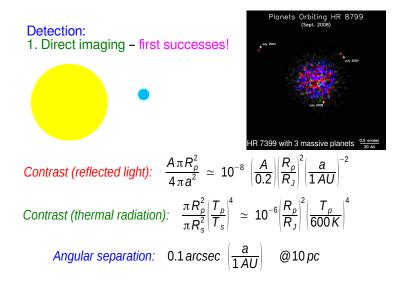


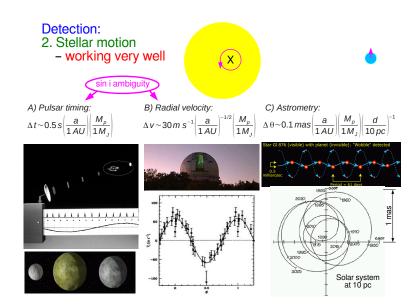
### Extra-solar Planet Trivia

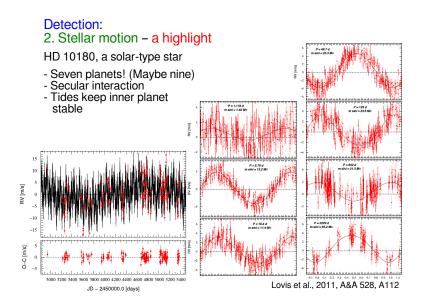
1) When was the first extra-solar planet found around a Sun-like star?			
a) 1981	b) 1995	c) 2000	d) last month
2) How many extra-solar planets do we know today?			
a) ~30	b) ~300	c) ~ 3000	d) ~30000
3) What percentage of neighbouring stars are <b>known</b> to have planets?			
a) 0.1%	b) 1%	c) 10%	d) 100%
a) 0.1% 4) What is the	,		,

5) By 2020, how many do you think would have been found?

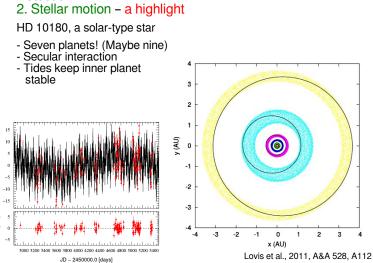
6) What do you think is the most significant reason that we bother?



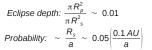




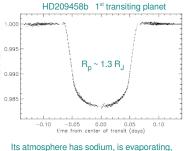
## Detection:



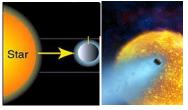
# Detection: 3. Transits – working very well Print Print True



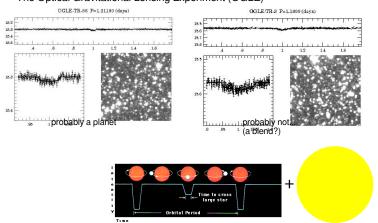
Large scale transit surveys 1) ~1% F/G/K stars have close-in planets 2) ~4% chance of seeing eclipse (a= 0.1 AU) 3) Observe ~10<sup>4</sup> stars for a few planets 4) OGLE, HAT... [ground], Corot, Kepler... [space]



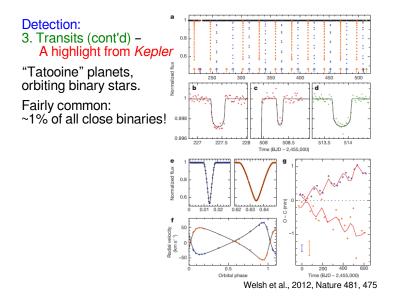
and has strong winds

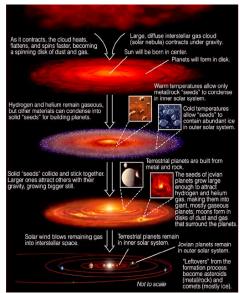


#### Detection: 3. Transits (cont'd)



#### The Optical Gravitational Lensing Experiment (OGLE)





## **Open issues**

#### have to form planets in ~ few Myrs

- 1) how did the gas disk disperse?
- 2) how are planetesimals made? Are dust grains sufficiently sticky?
- 3) what makes chrondrules?
- 4) How do planetesimals survive collisions?
- 5) What is Jupiter's role in the fate of other planets?
- 6) Do giant planets only form outside frost lines? If so, how to explain the extra-solar hot Jupiters?
- 7)....