

AST251 Project 3 – Evaluating Claims of Extraterrestrial Messaging buciolor Planet 1

Friday 11th March, 2089

We have identified what may be an indication of extraterrestrial intelligence, as well as the planet where it may have originated. This document summarizes the information gathered so far about the candidate message and its candidate planet of origin.

Potential evidence for extraterrestrial intelligence

Astronomers have detected a narrowband microwave transmission that appears to have originated from this planet's solar system. The transmission is believed to contain an image and is displayed below with the most likely aspect ratio. The transmission has been observed to repeat itself regularly. The transmission is shown below:

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000011111111111111111111111111110000
000011111000111111111111111111110000
000011110000011111111111111111110000
0000111000000010101011111101110000
000011100000001010101010101110000
0000111000000010111011111101110000
0000111100000111111111111111010000
0000111110001111111111111111110000
```

This signal was first noticed at UTC 2082-01-02/22:02.

Parameters of the candidate planet of origin and its host star

Spectral Type	G
Stellar Luminosity (Solar Units)	0.483
Stellar Mass (Solar Masses)	0.834
Distance to Star (lightyears)	19.8
Planet Mass (Earth masses)	2.8
Atmospheric Pressure (atm)	3.4

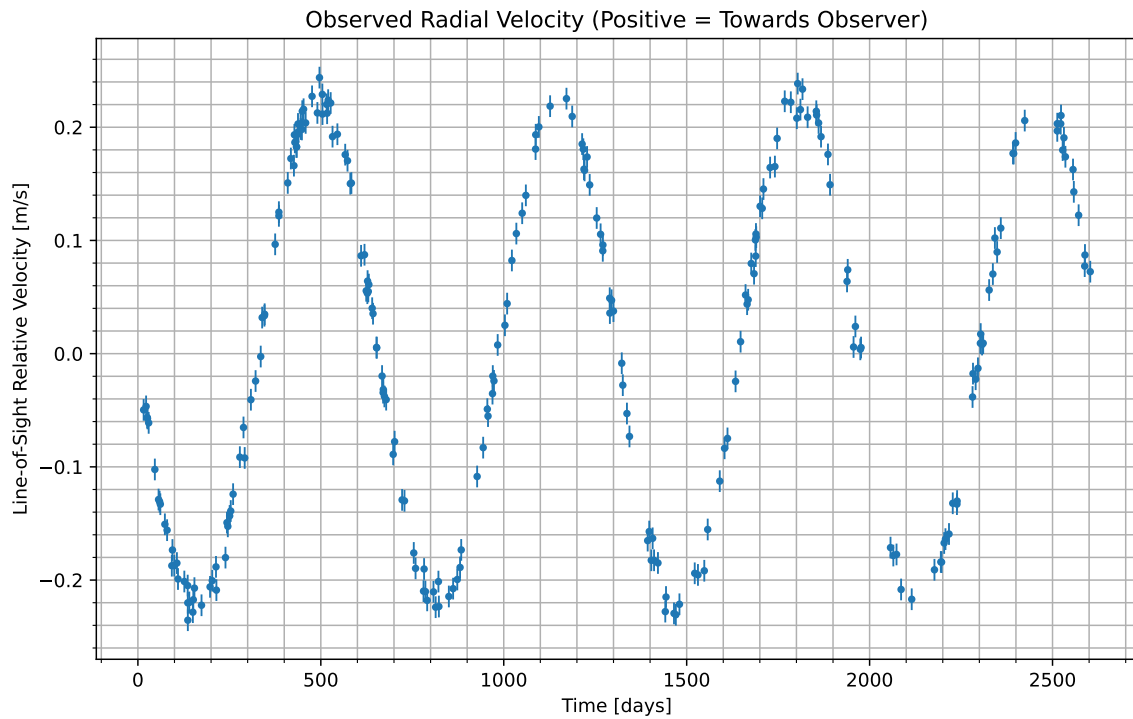


Figure 1: We have isolated the radial velocity of the host star due to the candidate planet. Data begins at UTC 2082-01-03/15:57. Positive values indicate the velocity at which the star is moving towards us; negative indicate the velocity at which it is moving away.

Atmospheric composition of the candidate planet (percent by volume)

Molecule	Concentration
H_2S	10.3
N_2	10.5
CO_2	10.1
SO	37.5
SO_2	3.76
HF	0.313
CO	13.1
S_2O	0.00117
S_2O_2	0.00179

Gas Abundance (percent by volume)

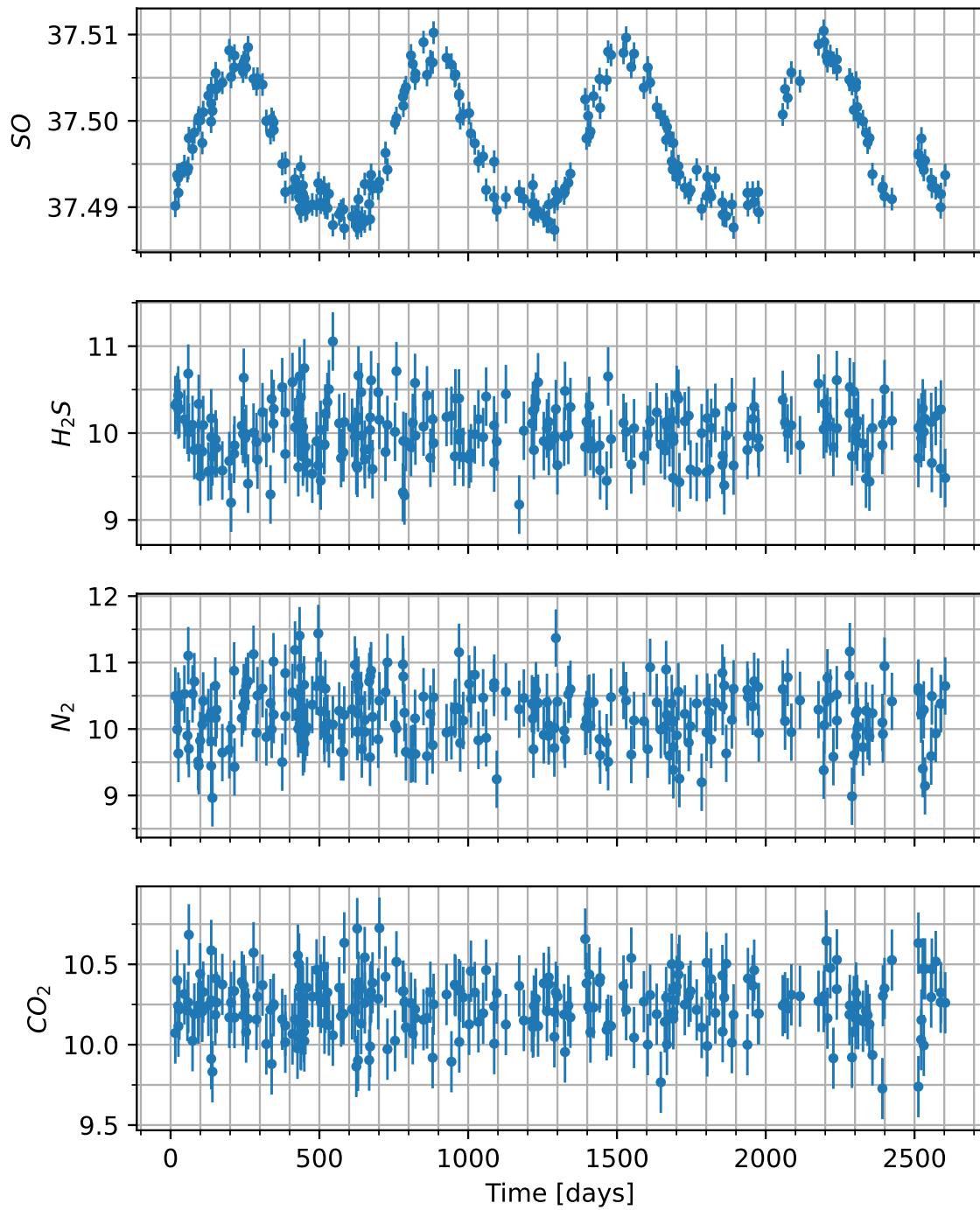


Figure 2: Concentration of various gases in the atmosphere of the candidate planet versus time. Note that the y-axis will usually only show the variation multiplied by some factor, shown in the upper left, and then added to some normal amount, also in the upper-left.

Gas Abundance (percent by volume)

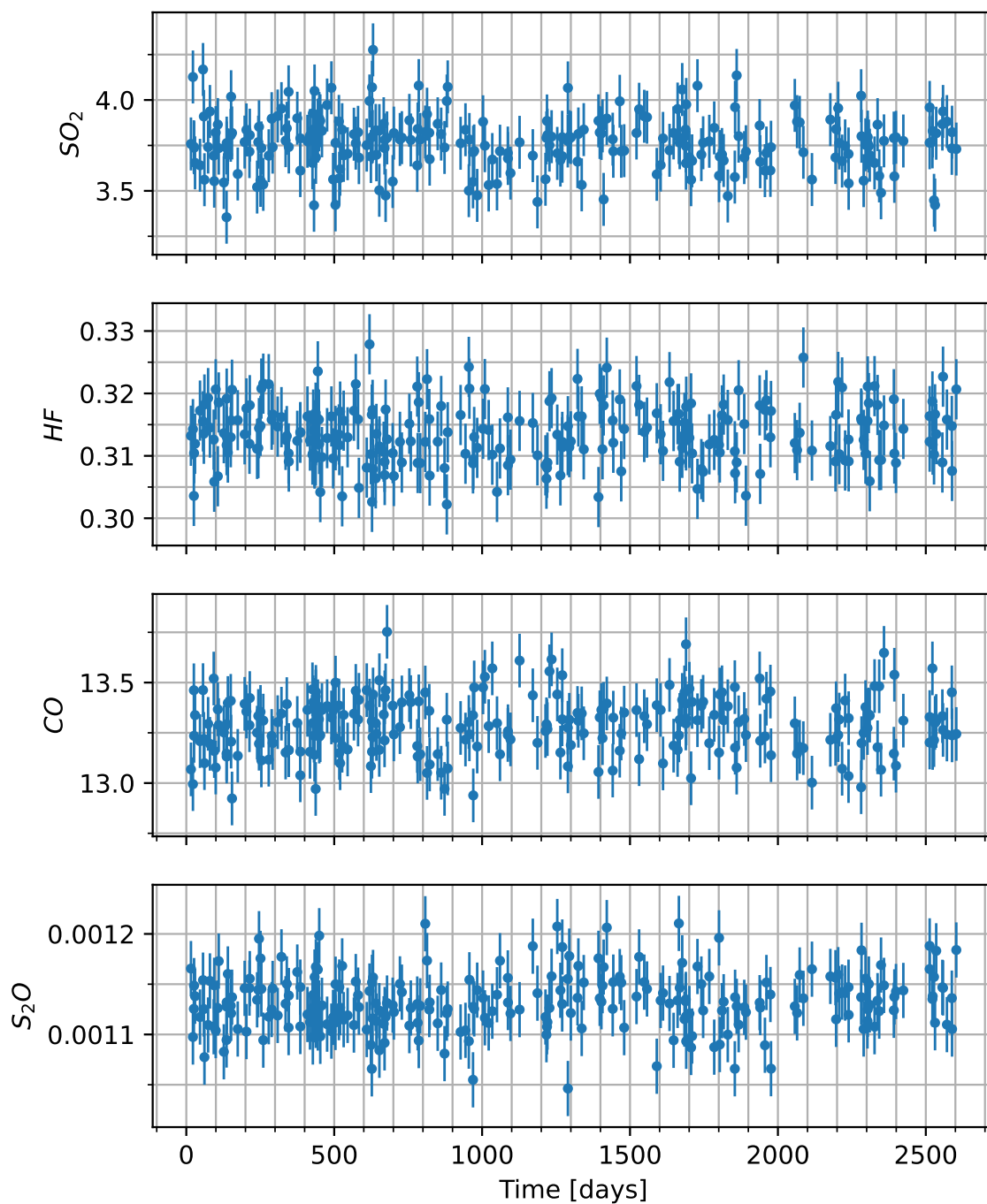


Figure 3: Concentration of various additional gases in the atmosphere of the candidate planet versus time. Note that the y-axis will usually only show the variation multiplied by some factor, shown in the upper left, and then added to some normal amount, also in the upper-left.

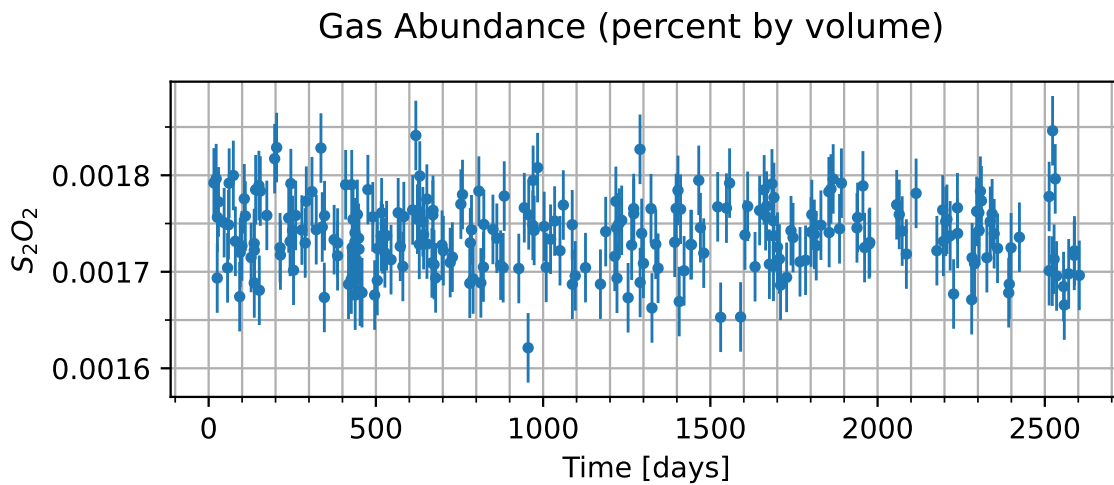


Figure 4: Concentration of various additional gases in the atmosphere of the candidate planet versus time. Note that the y-axis will usually only show the variation multiplied by some factor, shown in the upper left, and then added to some normal amount, also in the upper-left.

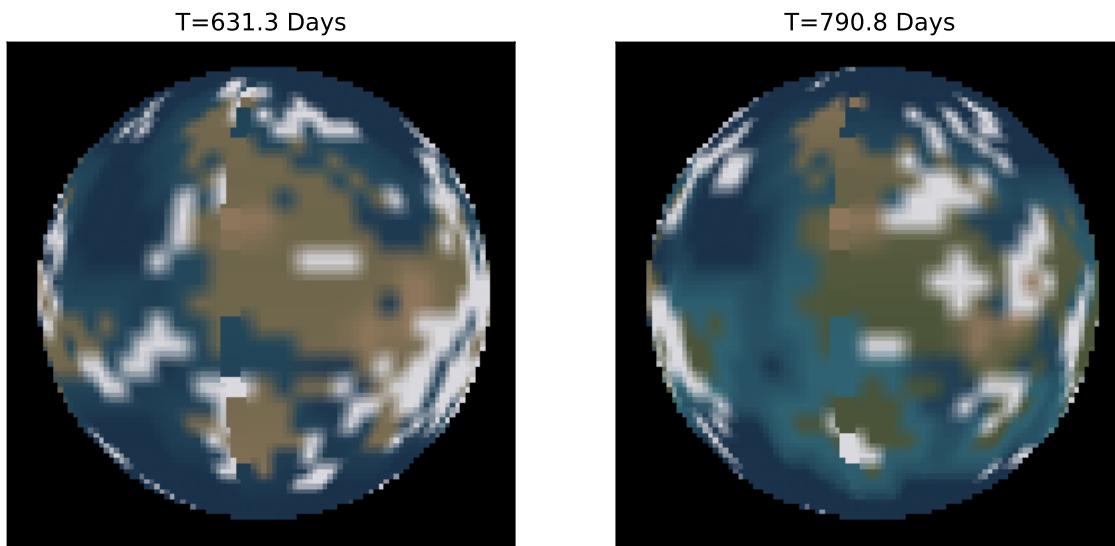


Figure 5: Maps of the surface of the candidate planet taken at two different times. Times are indicated above each image relative to the times shown in the radial velocity curve. Those maps are shown here. Tan areas indicate what we believe to be land, while blue-ish areas indicate what we believe to be liquid regions of some kind. Other colors present reflect the visible color as best as we are able to measure.